

商工会より：カナダ統計局 **11月CPI** データ発表 **2.1%** (10月 **1.4%**)
Statistics Canada released **November CPI 2.1%** (October 1.4%)

12月21日、カナダ統計局 (Statistics Canada) より、2017年11月度消費者物価指数 (CPI) データが発表になりました。概要ポイント (仮訳) とリンク先を御連絡いたします。ご参照ください。なお、仮訳は、あくまで商工会事務局で訳したものであり英語の微妙な表現を保証したものではありません。英語原文にて確認した上でご利用ください。

ポイント仮訳：

- ◎ 11月度消費者物価、対前年同月比 **2.1%増** (同10月度1.4%)
- ◎ 分野別： 衣服靴以外すべて上昇。運輸コスト (+5.9%) 食品 (+1.6%)
- ◎ 州別： 全州で上昇。マニトバ州 (+3.2%) サスカチュワン州 (+3.7%)

(原文コピー)

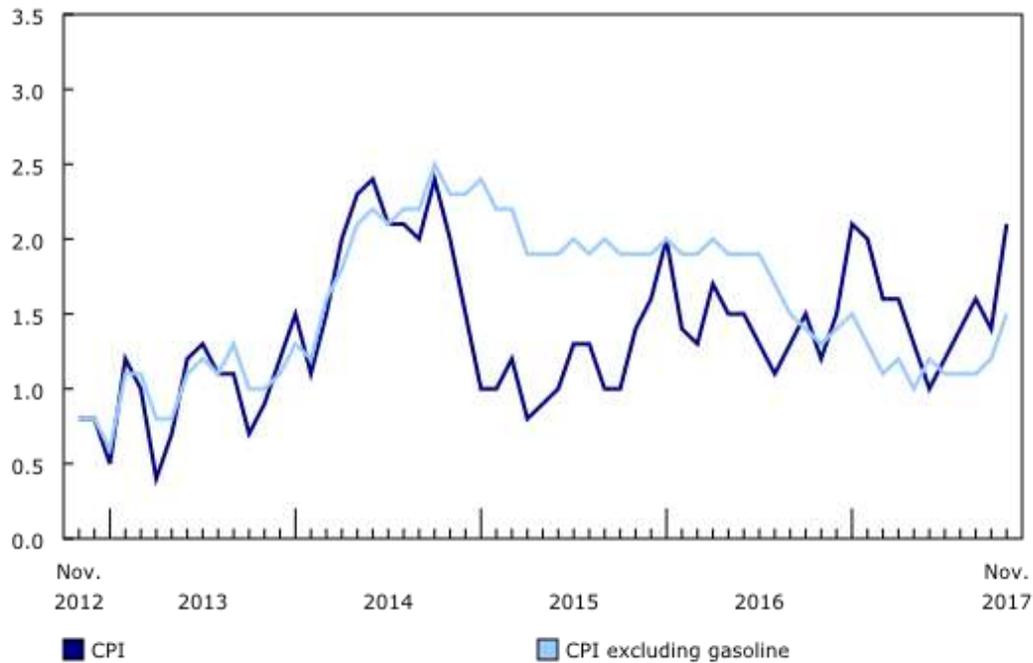
Consumer Price Index, November 2017

The **Consumer Price Index (CPI)** increased **2.1%** on a year-over-year basis in November, following a 1.4% increase in October. The all-items excluding gasoline index rose 1.5% year over year in November after increasing 1.3% in October.

Chart 1

The 12-month change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) and the CPI excluding gasoline

12-month % change

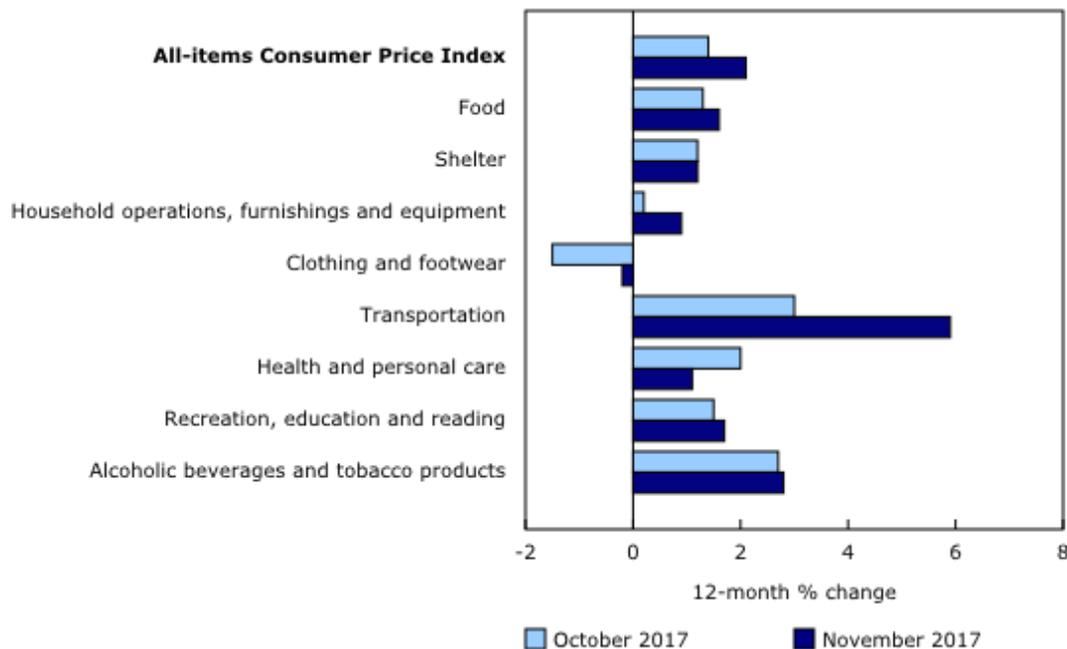


12-month change in the major components

Prices were **up in seven of the eight major CPI components** in the 12 months to November, with the **transportation and shelter indexes contributing the most** to the increase. The **clothing and footwear index declined** on a year-over-year basis.

Chart 2

Consumer prices increase in seven of the eight major components



Transportation prices rose 5.9% on a year-over-year basis in November, following a 3.0% increase in October. Gasoline prices contributed the most to this acceleration, rising 19.6% year over year in November, after increasing 6.5% the previous month. The increase was partly attributable to higher crude oil prices in November, as well as a monthly decline one year earlier. The purchase of passenger vehicles index also accelerated to 3.6% on a year-over-year basis in November, following a 1.9% rise in October. The November increase was partly attributable to the greater availability of new 2018 model year vehicles.

The food index rose 1.6% year over year in November following a 1.3% increase in October. On a month-over-month basis, the food index rose 0.8% in November, the largest monthly gain since January 2016. Prices for meat were up 1.9% on a year-over-year basis in November after a 0.1% increase in October. Fresh vegetable prices rose 3.8% in the 12 months to November.

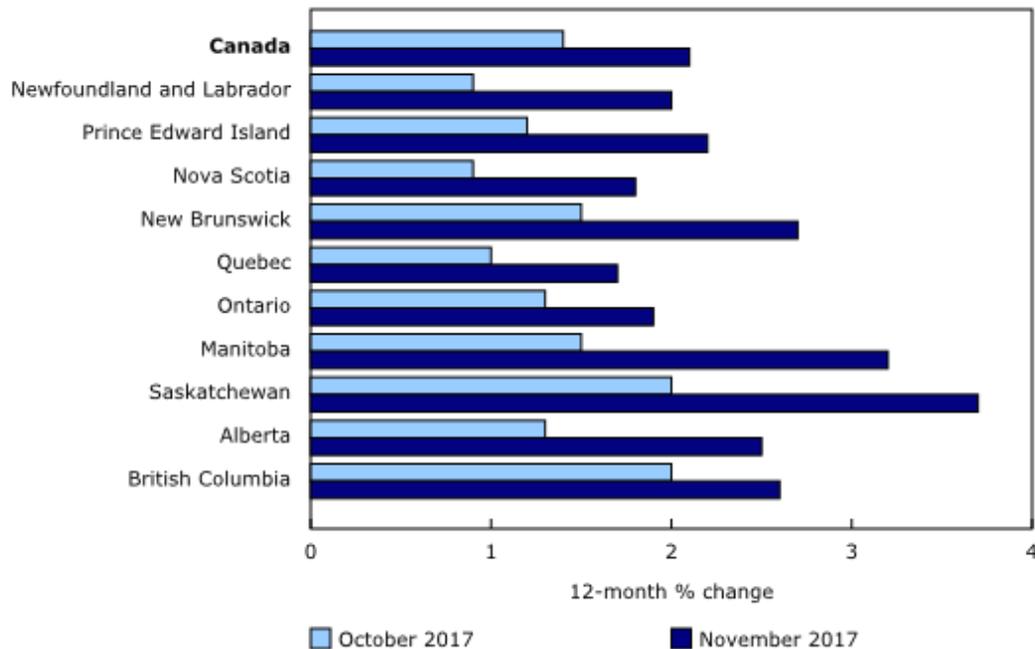
Consumer prices for household operations, furnishings and equipment rose 0.9% on a year-over-year basis in November after increasing 0.2% in October. The November increase was driven by growth in the telephone services index (+2.3%) which was partly attributable to a decline in prices in November 2016, which no longer influences the 12-month movement. Furniture prices increased 1.9% month over month, the largest monthly increase since February 2015.

12-month change in the provinces

Consumer prices rose more on a year-over-year basis in every province in November than they did in October. **Manitoba (+3.2%)** and **Saskatchewan (+3.7%)** recorded the largest accelerations.

Chart 3 

Consumer prices rise at a faster rate in all provinces



The gasoline index contributed the most to the rise in the CPI in every province except for Newfoundland and Labrador, where a lower gasoline price increase was partly attributable to a reduction in the province's gasoline tax which took effect in June 2017.

The CPI in **Manitoba rose 3.2%** in November on a year-over-year basis, after increasing 1.5% in October. The furniture index rose the most in Manitoba in the 12 months to November. The household equipment index rose 2.6% on a month-over-month basis in November, more than in any other province.

Consumer prices in **Alberta increased 2.5%** in the 12 months to November, after a 1.3% gain in October. Among the provinces, gasoline (+30.0%) increased the most in Alberta. Electricity prices were up 17.5% in November after increasing 9.3% in October. The November gain was largely attributable to rate decreases in November 2016, which no longer factor into the 12-month movement.

The **CPI rose 1.7% in Quebec** in November on a year-over-year basis, after increasing 1.0% in October. Food prices increased 1.1% month over month, the largest increase among the provinces. Consumers paid higher prices for fresh vegetables (+5.7%) year over year in November.

Seasonally adjusted monthly Consumer Price Index

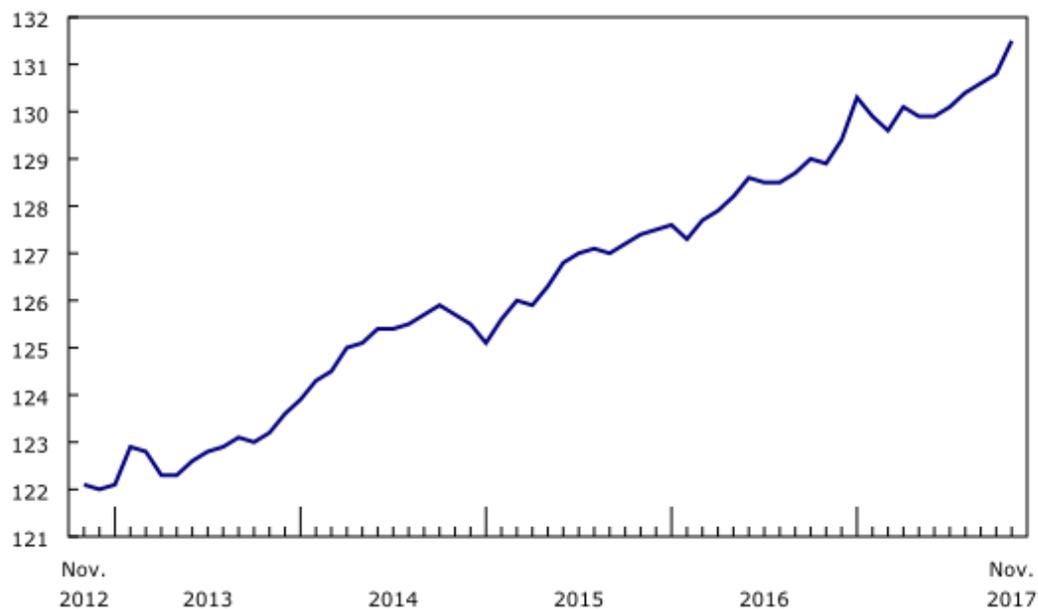
On a seasonally adjusted monthly basis, the CPI rose 0.5% in November. This was the largest increase since January 2017.

In November, seven major components increased, while the health and personal care index (-1.0%) declined.

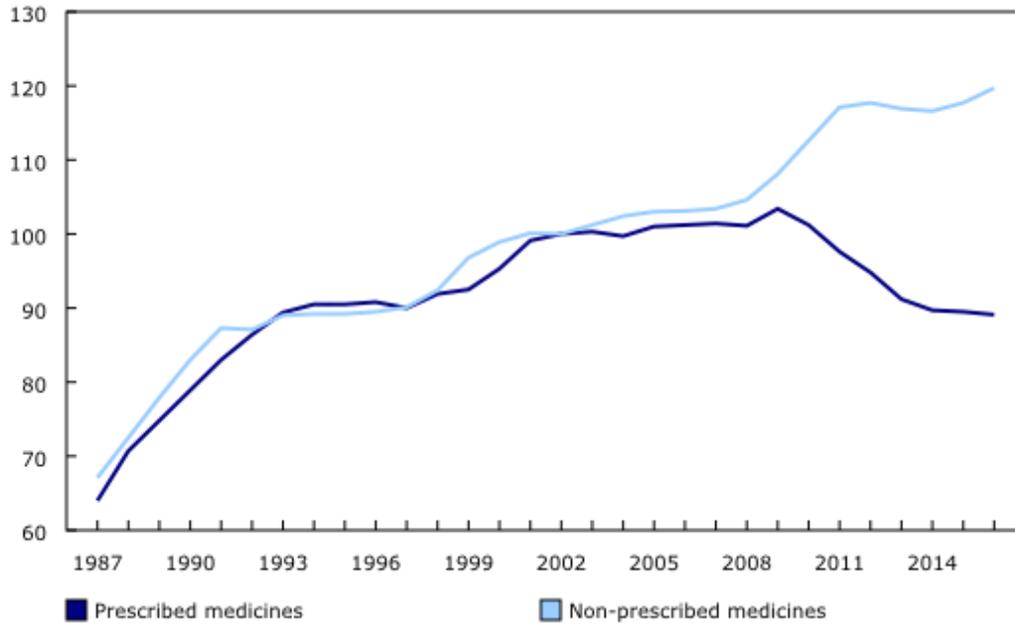
Chart 4 

Seasonally adjusted monthly Consumer Price Index

index (2002=100)



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原文は以下のサイトを参照ください。

<http://www.statcan.gc.ca/daily-quotidien/171221/dq171221a-eng.htm?CMP=mstatcan>

トロント日本商工会
事務局