

商工会より：カナダ統計局 **4月 CPI データ発表 2.2%** (3月 2.3%)
Statistics Canada released **April CPI 2.2%** (March 2.3%)

会員各位

5月18日、カナダ統計局 (Statistics Canada) より、2018年4月度消費者物価指数 (CPI) データが発表になりました。概要ポイント (仮訳) とリンク先を御連絡いたします。ご参照ください。なお、仮訳は、あくまで商工会事務局で訳したものであり英語の微妙な表現を保証したものではありません。英語原文にて確認した上でご利用ください。

ポイント仮訳：

- ◎ 4月度消費者物価、対前年同月比 **2.2%増** (同3月度 2.3%)
- ◎ 分野別： 商品 (+2.1% *ガソリン+14.2%) サービス (+2.3%)
- ◎ 州別： ケベック州 (1.7%) オンタリオ州 (+2.1%) ブリティッシュコロンビア州 (+2.7%)

(原文コピー)

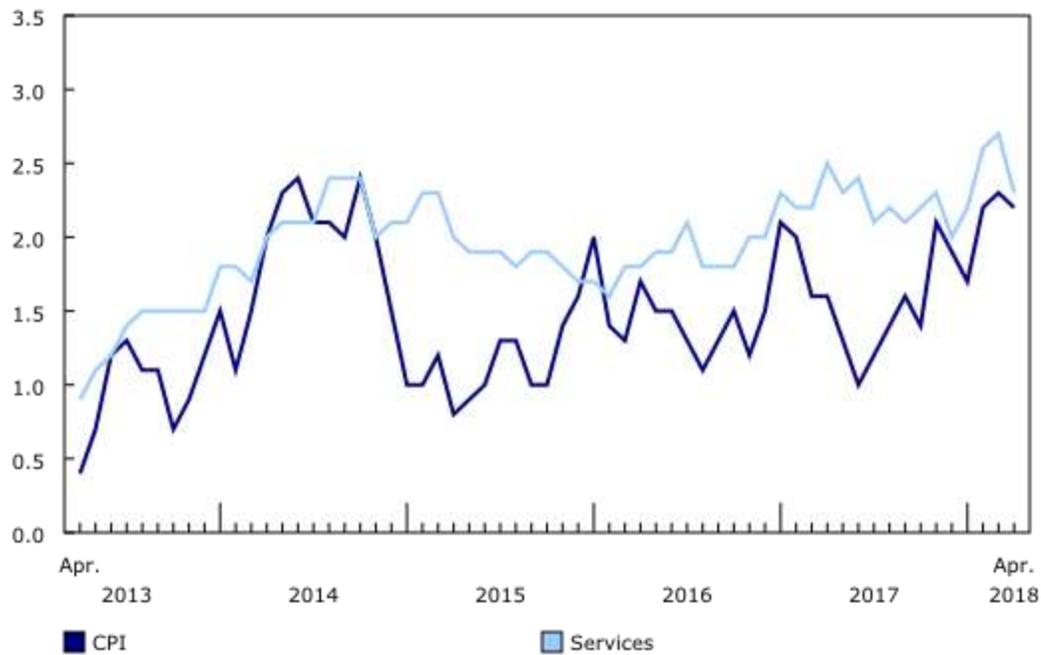
Consumer Price Index, April 2018

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) **rose 2.2%** on a year-over-year basis in April, following a 2.3% increase in March.

Chart 1 

The 12-month change in the Consumer Price Index (CPI) and the services index

12-month % change

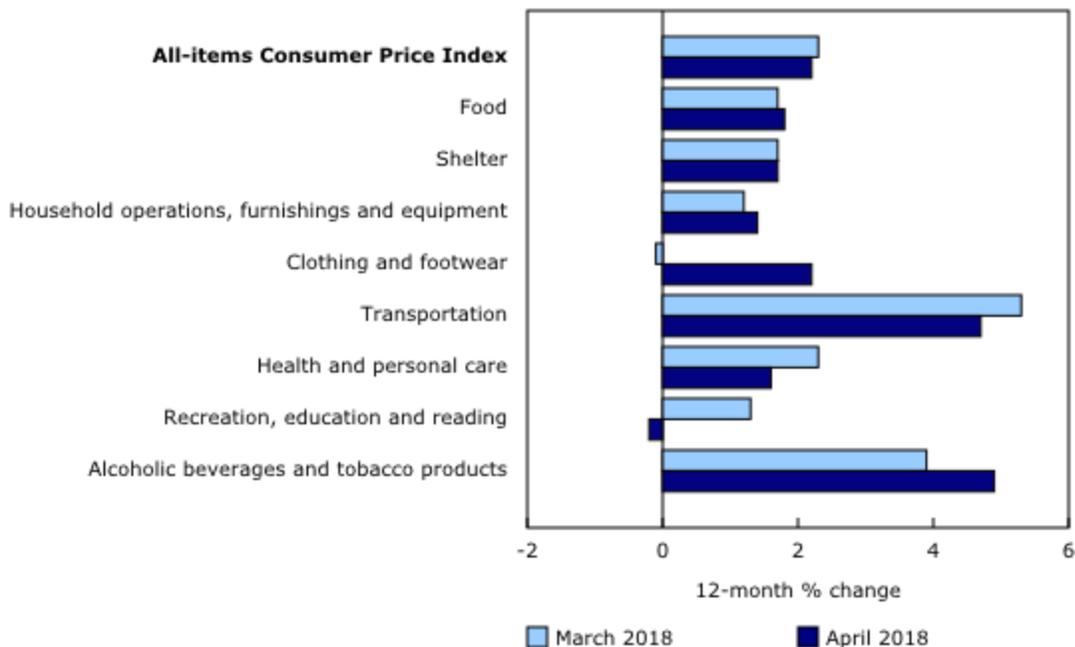


12-month change in the components

Seven of eight major components increased on a year-over-year basis in April. The recreation, education and reading index (-0.2%) was the lone major component to decline year over year.

Chart 2 

Consumer prices increase in seven of eight major components



The **price of services (+2.3%) increased** more slowly on a year-over-year basis in April, after posting a 2.7% increase in March. This was largely a result of price decreases in travel services, which declined 6.0% year over year. A smaller year-over-year increase in the cost of air transportation (+11.9%) coincided with the price decrease in travel services.

Prices for non-durable goods (+2.7%) increased less in the 12 months to April than they did in March (+3.0%). Year-over-year gains in prices for gasoline in April (+14.2%) were less than those recorded in March (+17.1%).

Prices for semi-durable goods increased 2.3% in April, following an increase of 0.2% in March. This was the largest increase in semi-durable goods since March 2015, and was largely the result of a 2.5% year-over-year increase in the clothing index in April.

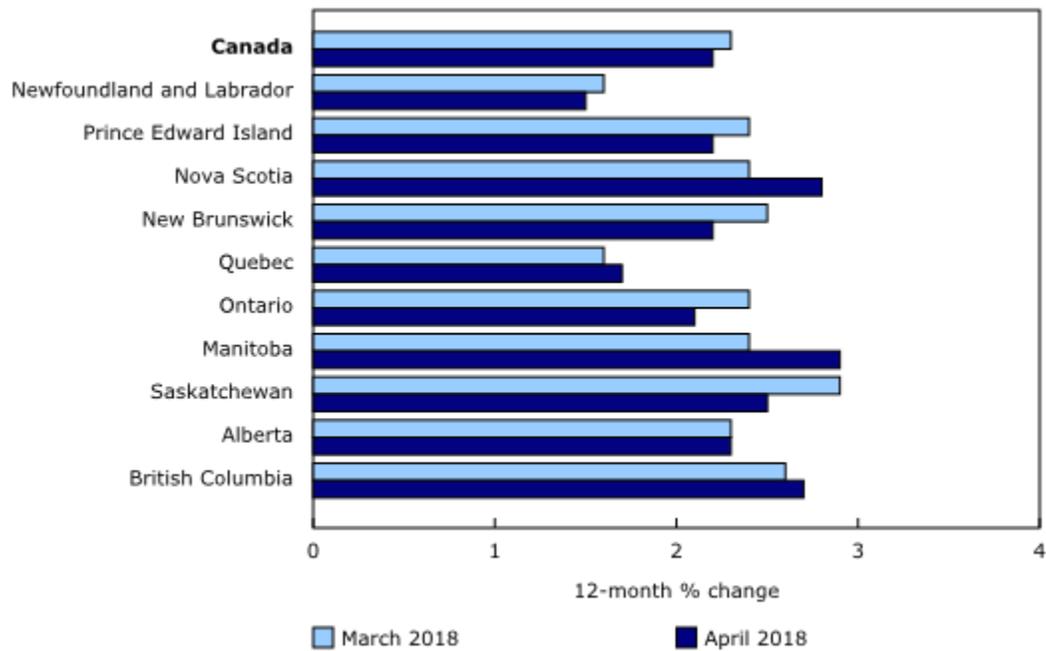
12-month change in the provinces

Prices rose less on a year-over-year basis in five provinces in April compared with the previous month.

At the national level, consumers paid 6.3% more for energy year over year in April. Gasoline prices were the largest contributor to the increase in energy prices in all provinces except Newfoundland and Labrador. This increase was partly attributable to temporary supply disruptions at oil refineries, as they transitioned to summer fuel blends. Electricity prices in Alberta grew 38.9% year over year in April, as higher market prices led to increases in residential electricity rates.

Chart 3 

Consumer prices rise at a slower rate in five provinces



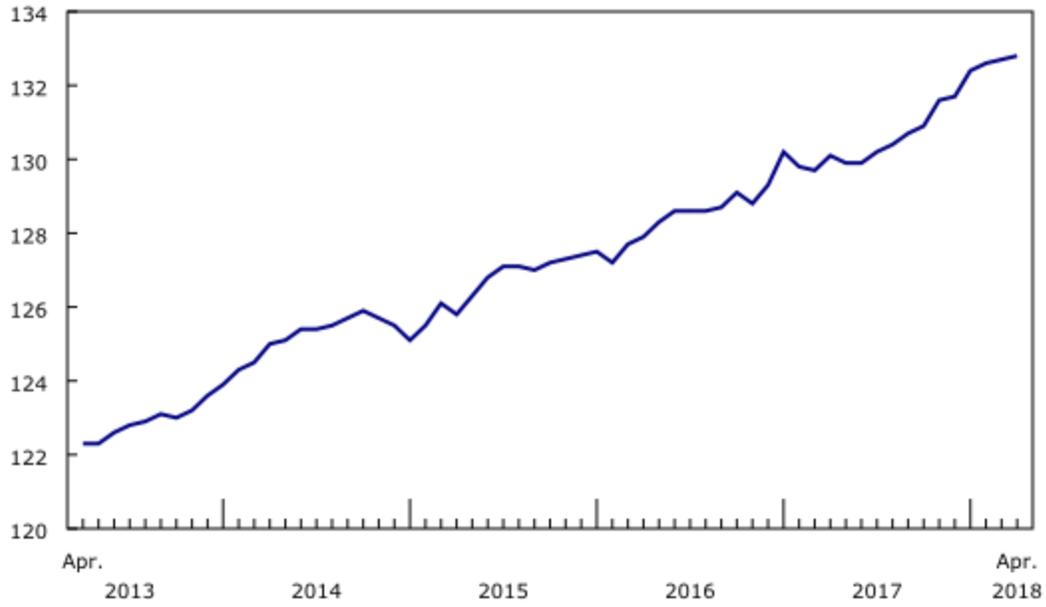
Seasonally adjusted monthly Consumer Price Index

On a [seasonally adjusted monthly basis](#), the CPI rose 0.1% in April, matching the increase in March. Five of eight major components increased, with the clothing and footwear index (+1.2%) rising the most. The recreation, education and reading index (-1.5%) registered the largest decline.

Chart 4 

Seasonally adjusted monthly Consumer Price Index

index (2002=100)



原文は以下のサイトを参照ください。

<http://www.statcan.gc.ca/daily-quotidien/180518/dq180518a-eng.htm?CMP=mstatcan>

トロント日本商工会
事務局